

EN MENNESKERETLIG FORSKNINGSVINKEL PÅ FN'S VERDENSMÅL

Steven L. B. Jensen, Seniorforsker, Institut for Menneskerettigheder

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KLIMA, SDG'ERNE OG FN'S MEKANISMER FOR MONITORERING AF MENNESKERETTIGHEDERNE

Analyse af 494 klimaanbefalinger (2007-2019)

- Universal Periodic Review: 213 (43%)
- UN Human Rights Treaty Bodies: 206 (42%) især CEDAW, CRC, CRPD
- UN Special Procedures: 75 (15%) især UN SR for IDPs og Right to Food

MR-klimaanbefalingernes link til SDG 13: Primært targets 13.1; 13.2; 13b

Eksempel: 13.b: Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities.

MR-klimaanbefalinger har links til andre SDG targets: Især 11.5; 1.5; 16.7; 5.5; 1.4

Source: Steven L. B. Jensen, Climate Change, SDGs and UN Human Rights Mechanisms – An analysis based on the SDG-Human Rights Data Explorer, DIHR Internal Work Paper, July 2020

ULIGHED, SDG 10 OG FN'S MEKANISMER FOR MONITORERING AF MENNESKERETTIGHEDERNE

SDG 10: Ulighed<->FNs MR-mekanismer<->Forskningsdebat om MRs evne til at tackle ulighed

Analyse af 805 ulighedsspecifikke anbefalinger (2007-2018)

- Universal Periodic Review: 282 (35%)
- UN Human Rights Treaty Bodies: 394 (49%)
- UN Special Procedures: 129 (16%)

4 ulighedsområder tematiseret: 1) Sektorfokus (educational, health and employment inequalities); 2) befolkningsgrupper (køn, race og etnicitet, børn, sårbare og marginaliserede grupper); 3) økonomisk (income, wealth and wage); geografisk (rural-urban divide)

MR+ulighed = "implement a more redistributive fiscal policy" eller "ensure progressive tax policies" (fra anbefalinger til stater)

MR-analyse: "social and economic inequalities" as a causal factor for "quasi-collapse of the State"

→→ Bring dette tilbage ind i monitoringen af SDG 10 efterlevelse

Source: Steven L. B. Jensen (2019), "Inequality a prominent concern for UN human rights monitors" Open Global Rights.

THANK YOU
