

Synthesis, Modelling and Evaluation of **Pretreatments Technologies for Biofuels Production Systems**

PhD student: André Rodrigues Gurgel da Silva – Supervisor: Prof. Ben-Guang Rong Department of Chemical Engineering, Biotechnology and Environmental Technology

Introduction

Limited reserves of fossil fuels, greenhouse gas emissions, increase of global demand for energy and abundance of biomass waste are the main driving forces that lead the research of renewable energy sources. In this context Bioethanol rises as an technically feasible and commercialised alternative. The integration and intensification of the production route will increase the competitiviness of this renewable fuel allowing a gradual replacement of the fossil based model adopted nowadays.

Pretreatment

The main goal of the pretreatment step is to remove lignin and hemicellulose, reduce cristallinity of the cellulose and increase the porosity of lignocellulosic materials in order to the hydrolysis and fermentation steps achieve better yields. The most promising pretreatments are: steam, ammonia and carbon dioxide explosion, acid and alkalyne hydrolysis, oxidative and biological treatments.



- refining;
- Model validation through experimental analysis;
- Economical analysis of the arranged settings.

Acknowledgements

This project is carried out with the support of the University of Southern Denmark and CNPq Brazilian Council.

References

G. Taylor. Biofuels and biorefinery concept. Energy Policy. 2008; 36:4406-4409.

Kumar P, Barrett DM, Delwiche MJ, Stroeve P. Methods for pretreatment of lignocellulosic biomass for efficient hydrolysis and biofuel production. Ind. Eng. Chem. 2009; 48:3713-3729.



